As we enter the third year of the COVID-19 pandemic, *Current Respiratory Medicine Reviews* continues to strive to get the best publications in the fields of pulmonary, thoracic, critical care, and associated specialties. This issue of the journal has a variety of excellent articles that deal with some of these specialties. Among them, for example, Aliakbarian and associates describe the outcomes of liver transplantation from deceased donors with COVID-19 and the late complications of such illness. Their data would suggest the feasibility of using COVID-19 donors for liver transplantation. Another cross-sectional study by Ghasemzadeh and coworkers described the risk factors for hospital mortality in patients who suffer from cancer along with COVID-19. As the interest in inflammation increases among patients with COVID-19, Samareh Fekri and coworkers review the severity of illness based on serum apelin-17 levels and other inflammatory mediators.

In other pulmonary topics, Mikkola and coinvestigators described the relation of rhinovirus-induced early wheezing and the development of asthma. This comprehensive review looks deeply into this unique association. Houle and colleagues present two cases of *pectum excavatum* and the complexity of evaluation of exertional dyspnea in such patients. Miranda Barreto and coinvestigators, in an elegant meta-analysis, described the differences between invasive and non-invasive mechanical ventilation in acute respiratory failure in patients with hemato-oncology disorders. When compared to arterial blood gases, Boyaci and coworkers present their data on monitoring transcutaneous partial pressure of carbon dioxide and show that deltoid measurements are reliable. In a retrospective, cross-over study in India of shorter multi-drug resistant tuberculosis therapy, Swathi and coinvestigators present data that suggest that we still have a lot of room for improvement in such treatment strategies. Pourdowlat and coworkers, in a retrospective study, discuss estrogen receptors in patients with mesothelioma. Their study will pave the way for therapeutic interventions for these patients. Lastly, this issue of the journal includes an elegant case report of a 16-year-old patient with bilateral pneumothoraces as well as a literature review.

This issue highlights the multidisciplinary approach of our journal. We hope that the readers will find these articles interesting.

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